

APPLICATIONS OF INTEGRATION USING MATHEMATICA

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Mathematica and the Applications of Integration

• Integration is the reverse process of differentiation.

- Types of integration: Indefinite, Definite, Substitution, and By Parts.
- Integration can be used to find depreciation, the area of a region, and velocity.
- Mathematica can be used to make integration much easier.
- Problems can be solved using words or by inserting the entire equation.

Indefinite Integration • $\int f = \sqrt{25 - xf^2} (-2x) dx$

$$\ln[1] = \text{Integrate}[Sqrt[25 - x^2] (-2x), x]$$

Out[1] = $\frac{2}{3} (25 - x^2)^{3/2}$

Indefinite Integration Cont. • $\int \int \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{x} \sqrt{3} \frac{1}{x^2} dx$



Definite Integration • $\int -1 \hbar x(x \hbar 2 + 1) \hbar 3 dx$



Definite Integration Cont. • $\int 1 f^2 = 2x f^2 \sqrt{x} f^3 + 1 dx$

ln[5]:= Integrate [2 x ^ 2 Sqrt[x ^ 3 + 1], {x, 1, 2}]

Out[5]=
$$12 - \frac{8\sqrt{2}}{9}$$

Application of Integration

• The rate of depreciation dV/dt of a machine is inversely proportional to the square of t +1, where V is the value of the machine t years after it was purchased. The initial value of the machine was \$500,000 and its value decreased \$100,000 after the first year. Estimate its value after 4 years.

• $V = \int f = k/\sqrt{t+1} \, dt + C \text{ where V(0)} = 500,000$

Application of Integration Answer

 $\int \frac{k}{\sqrt{t+1}} \, dt$

 $2 \text{ k} \sqrt{1 + \text{t}}$

Solve $[\{2 k + C = 500000, 2 k \sqrt{2} + C = 400000\}, \{k, C\}] // N$ { $\{k \rightarrow -120711., C \rightarrow 741421.\}\}$ $F[t_] := 2(-120711)\sqrt{t+1} + 741421$ $\ln[6]:= F[4] // N$

Out[6]= 201589.

Question?